

# Patching Nameservers: Austria reacts to VU#800113

Update to CERT.at Report #2

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## Update as of Monday, July 28<sup>th</sup>

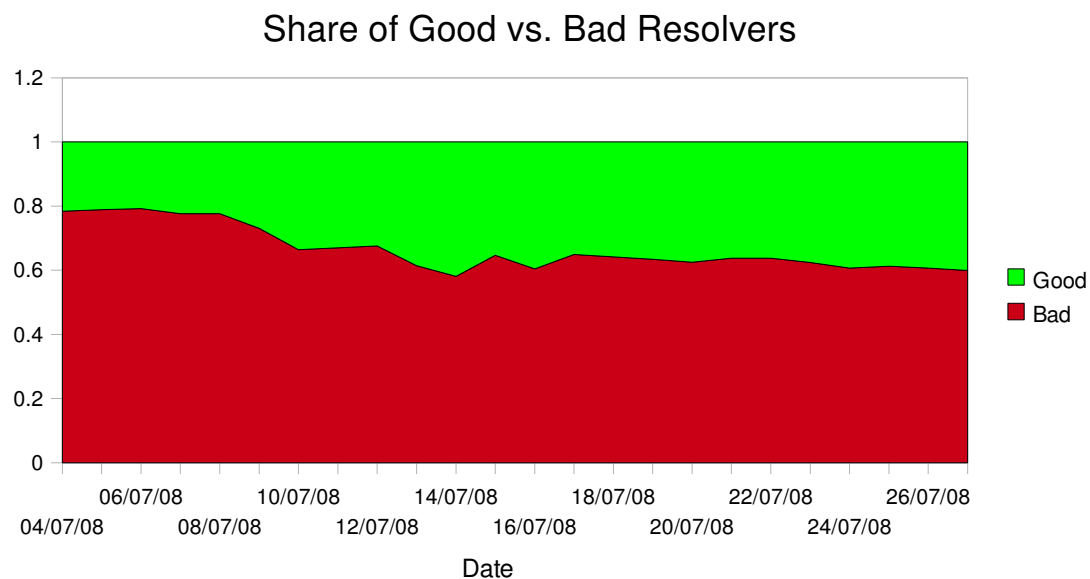
We published our report on Thursday, July 24<sup>th</sup> which included measurements up to July 21<sup>st</sup>.

Press coverage was good in Austria (and we even made Slashdot), and we managed to alert a few operators via our channels.

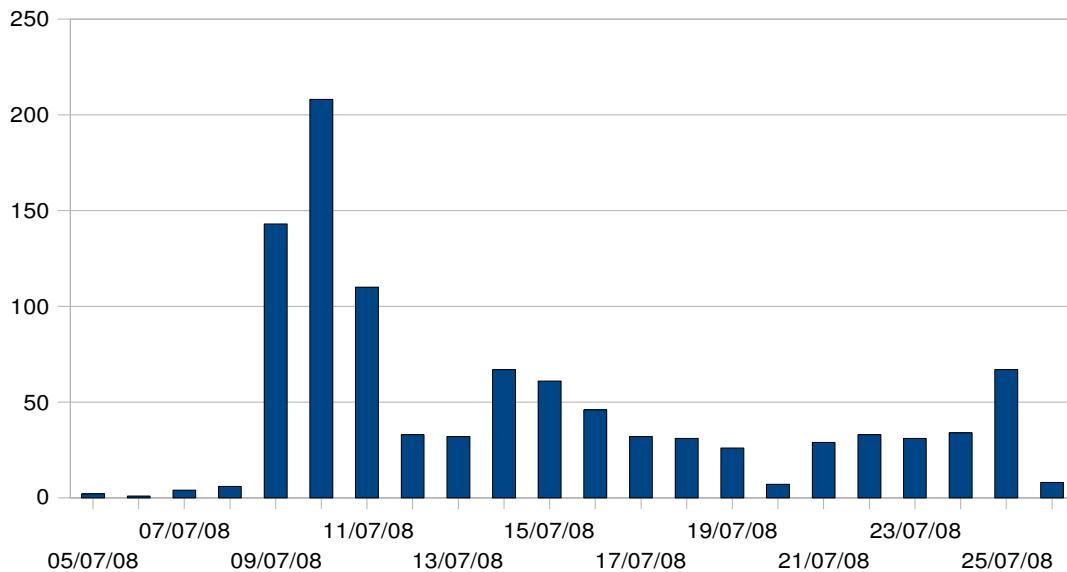
So we had good reasons to hope that numbers would improve over the weekend.

Here is the reality-check:

### *Good vs. bad resolvers*



## When did people patch?



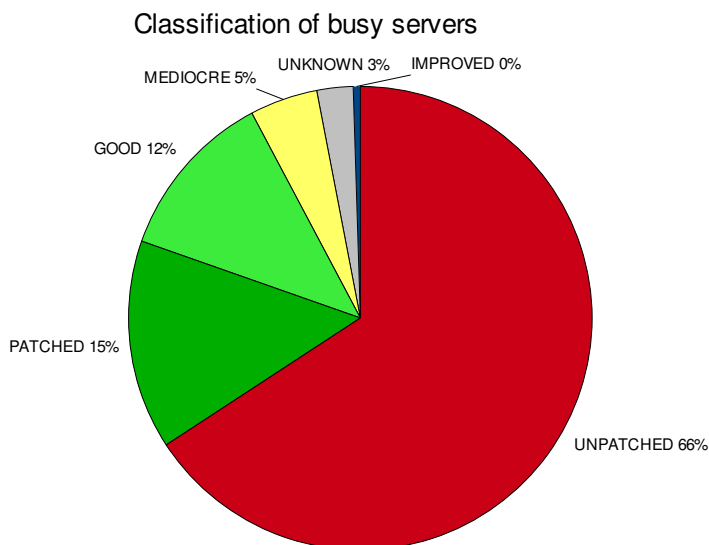
The data here is not complete, as we want to see more than just one day with clear improvement before we consider a resolver to be successfully patched.

## Classification

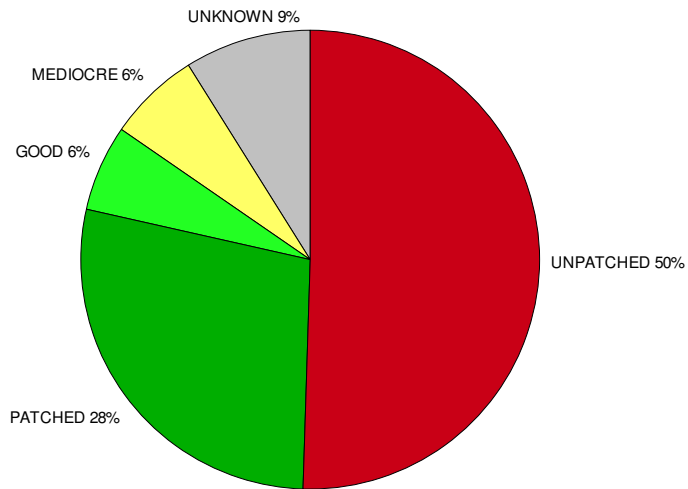
Last week we wrote:

Our datasets covers 18 days, four of which were weekend. Looking at all servers which appear in at least 14 days, we find the following classification:

Roughly speaking, one quarter of all relevant resolvers implement source port randomization now, whereas the vast majority does not.



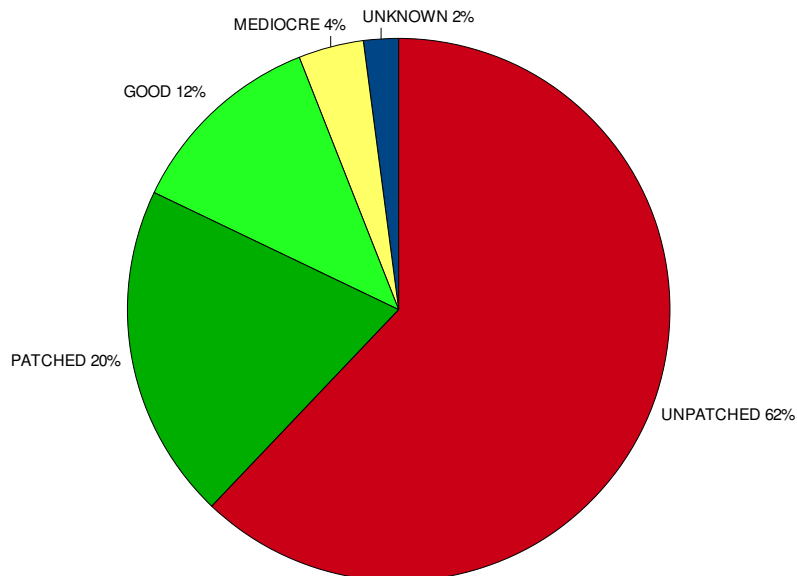
Weighting resolvers based on the number of queries shows a slightly better picture:



About half of all DNS queries are made by unpatched resolvers and thus are vulnerable to DNS cache poisoning.

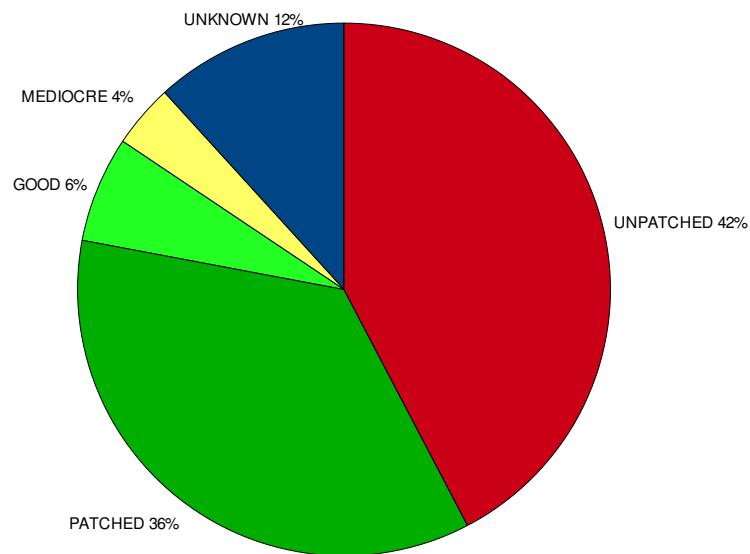
Using data from up to and including Sunday 27<sup>th</sup>, we now find:

### All busy resolvers:



This is slightly better.

## Weighted by queries



Whereas the overall percentage of patched resolvers decreased just a bit (66 → 62 %), the weighted queries showed twice as much improvement.

## Summary

Yes, there has been steady improvement, but the patch rate is still low.

Regrettably, it still looks like there will be a successful and highly publicized attack before the rest of the resolvers get patched.